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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/975,020	10/12/2001	Alan J. Magill	P66822US0 (WRAIR 98-40/46	7596
7	590 • 05/19/2003			
Office of the Staff Judge Advocate U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command ATTN: MCMR-JA (Ms. Elizabeth Arwine)			EXAMINER	
			SHAHNAN SHAH, KHATOL S	
504 Scott Street Fort Detrick, MD 21702-5012		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1 011 2 011 1011, 11	15 21/02 5512		1645	\e

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/975,020	MAGILL ET AL.			
		Examin r	Art Unit			
		Khatol S Shahnan-Shah	1645			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1)🛛	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 September 2002</u> .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Thi	s action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s)is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
ŀ	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
ı	14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
2) Notice 3) Inform	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) Interview Summary (5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			
J.S. Patent and Tra PTO-326 (Rev.		on Summary	Part of Paper No. 5			

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DETAILED ACTION

Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-3 are, drawn to a method of preparing a microfluidized lysate, classified in class 435, subclass 243.
 - II. Claims 4, 11, 12, 18 and 22-25 are, drawn to a product, classified in class 424, subclass 269.1.
 - III. Claims 5-10, 19-20 and 26-28 are, drawn to a method of detecting whether a subject had been exposed to a parasite, classified in 435, subclass 7.2.
 - IV. Claims 13-16 are, drawn to a kit, classified in class 514, subclass 95.
 - V. Claim 17 is, drawn to an antibody, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1.
 - VI. Claim 21 is, drawn to a method of immunizing a subject, classified in class 424, subclass 184.1.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Groups I, III and VI are distinct because claims of groups I, III and VI are drawn to different methods. The inventions are shown to be distinct because they are drawn to distinct methods with distinct end results, which differ in the method objectives, method steps, reagents and material used.

Groups II and V are distinct because claims of groups II and V are drawn to distinct products. The inventions are shown to be distinct because they are drawn to materially and structurally distinct products. The claims of group II are drawn to a lysate, while that of group V is drawn to an antibody.

Inventions II and IV are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the kit of group IV (claims 13-16) does not require the lysate of claims 11 and 12 to be used for treating systemic anaphylaxis.

Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case microfluidized lysate of group II can be prepared by using other method such as ultrasonication.

Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product of group II can be used in *in vitro* ELISA assays.

Inventions I and IV are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be

made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the kit of group IV can be made by using other antigen preparations.

Inventions I and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the antibody of group V can be prepared against a lysate prepared by a different method.

Inventions III and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case one can detect whether a subject had been exposed to a Leishmania parasite using other antigens.

Inventions IV and VI are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case one can immunize a subject using another antigen preparation.

Inventions III and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case antibody of group V is not needed to perform the method of group III.

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Inventions V and VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case antibody of group V is not needed to perform the method of group VI.

- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. The several inventions above are independent and distinct, each from the other for the reasons stated. They have acquired a separate status in the art as a separate subject for inventive effect and requires independent searches.
- 4. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Election

5. This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

If applicants elect group I, then there are additional election of species.

Please elect one of the Leishmania species of claim 3.

If applicants elect group II, then there are additional election of species:

- a) Please elect one of the Leishmania species of claim 12.
- b) Please elect one of the composition species of claims 24 or 25.

If applicants elect group III, then there are additional election of species.

- a) Please elect one of the Leishmania species of claims 6 and 20.
- b) Please elect one of the infection species of claims 26 and 27.

If applicants elect group IV, then there are additional election of species.

a) Please elect one of the pharmaceutical species of claim 14 or 16.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 1, 19 and 28 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct. applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khatol Shahnan-Shah whose telephone number is (703) 308-8896. The examiner can normally be reached from 7:30 AM - 4 PM on Monday through Friday. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynette F Smith, can be reached on (703) 308-3909. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned to is (703) 305-3014.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Khatol Shahnan-Shah, BS, Pharm, MS

Biotechnology Patent Examiner

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May 15, 2003

RODNEY P SWARTZ, PH.D.
PRIMARY EXAMINER